JAI HIND COLLEGE AUTONOMOUS



Syllabus for T.Y.BMS

Course

Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS)

Semester: VI

Credit Based Semester & Grading System With effect from Academic Year 2018-19

List of Courses

Course: Bachelor of Management Studies Semester: VI

SR. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	NO. OF LECTURES / WEEK	NO. OF CREDITS
		TYBMS		
1	CBMS601	Operations Research	04	04
2	CBMS602	Research Project	04	04
	4	FINANCE ELECTIVES	1 1	
3	CBMS603	Indirect tax	04	03
4	CBMS604	International Finance	04	03
5	CBMS605	Innovative Financial Services	04	03
6	CBMS606	Strategic Financial Management	04	03
	1.49	MARKETING ELECTIVES	(14/	
7	CBMS607	Brand Management	04	03
8	CBMS608	Retail Management	04	03
9	CBMS609	International Marketing	04	03
10	CBMS610	Media Planning & Management	04	03

Course: CBMS601	1. Operation Research (Credits :4 Lectures/week: 4L)	
	 Objectives: The objective of this course is to familiarize the student with the fundamental aspects of various issues associated with International Finance The course aims to give a comprehensive overview of International Finance as a separate area in International Business To introduce the basic concepts, functions, process, techniques and an awareness of the role, functions and functioning of International Finance in this Globalised Market. 	create
Unit I	Introduction to Operations Research: OR Techniques, Areas of Application, Applications of LP Components of LP Requirements for Formulation of LP Problem Assumptions Underlying Linear Programming. Steps in Solving LP Problems LPP Formulation (Decision Variables, Objective Function, Constraints, Non Negativity Constraints) Linear Programming Problems: Graphical Method Maximization & Minimization Type Problems. (Max. Z & Min. Z) Two Decision Variables and Maximum Three Constraints Problem Constraints can be "less than or equal to", "greater than or equal to" or a combination of both the types i.e. mixed constraints. Concepts: Feasible Region of Solution, Unbounded Solution, Redundant Constraint Linear Programming Problems: Simplex Method Only Maximization Type Problems. (Only Max. Z). No Minimization problems. (No Min. Z) Two or Three Decision Variables and Maximum Three Constraints Problem. (Up to Maximum Two Iterations) All Constraints to be "less than or equal to" Constraints. ("Greater than or Equal to" Constraints not included.) Concepts: Slack Variables, Surplus Variables, Artificial Variables, Duality, Product Mix and Profit, Feasible and Infeasible Solution, Unique or Alternate Optimal Solution,	15 L

	Degeneracy, Non Degenerate, Shadow Prices of	
	Resources, Scarce and Abundant Resources, Utilized and	
	Unutilized Capacity of Resources, Percentage Utilization	
	of Resources, Decision for Introduction of a New Product.	
	of Resources, Decision for introduction of a fivew 1 foduct.	
	Assignment Problem – Hungarian Method	
		15 L
Unit II	 Maximization & Minimization Type Problems. 	
	Balanced and Unbalanced Problems.	
	 Prohibited Assignment Problems, Unique or Multiple Optimal 	
	Solutions.	
	 Simple Formulation of Assignment Problems. 	
	Maximum 5 x 5 Matrix. Up to Maximum Two Iterations after	
	Row and Column Minimization.	
	Row and Column Minimization.	
	Transportation Problems	
	S 1	
	 Maximization & Minimization Type Problems. 	
	 Balanced and Unbalanced problems. 	
	 Prohibited Transportation Problems, Unique or Multiple Optimal 	
	Solutions.	
	Simple Formulation of Transportation Problems.	
	Initial Feasible Solution (IFS) by:	
	1. North West Corner Rule (NWCR)	
	2. Least Cost Method (LCM)	
	3. Vogel's Approximation Method (VAM)	
	Maximum 5 x 5 Transportation Matrix.	
	 Finding Optimal Solution by Modified Distribution (MODI) 	
	Method. (u, v and Δ)	
	Maximum Two Iterations (i.e. Maximum Two Loops) after IFS.	
	Critical Path Method (CPM)	
	Critical I ath Method (CI M)	15 L
	Caracata Astivity Event Natural Diagram Mana Event Dunat	13 L
IIn:4 III	Concepts: Activity, Event, Network Diagram, Merge Event, Burst France Community and Burst Astisitus	
Unit III	Event, Concurrent and Burst Activity,	
	Construction of a Network Diagram. Node Relationship and	
	Precedence Relationship.	
	 Principles of Constructing Network Diagram. 	
	Use of Dummy Activity	
	Critical Path, Sub-critical Path, Critical and Non-critical	
	Activities, Project Completion Time.	
	Forward Pass and Backward Pass Methods.	
	 Calculation of EST, EFT, LST, LFT, Head Event Slack, Tail 	
	Event Slack, Total Float, Free Float, Independent Float and	
	Interfering Float.	
	Project Crashing	
	1 Toject Crashing	

- Concepts: Normal Time, Normal Cost, Crash Time, Crash Cost of Activities. Cost Slope of an Activity.
- Costs involved in Project Crashing: Direct, Indirect, Penalty and Total Costs.
- Time Cost Trade off in Project Crashing.
- Optimal (Minimum) Project Cost and Optimal Project Completion Time.
- Process of Project Crashing.
- Numerical based on Maximum Four (04) Iterations of Crashing

Program Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT)

- Three Time Estimates of PERT: Optimistic Time (a), Most Likely Time (m) and Pessimistic Time (b).
- Expected Time (te) of an Activity Using Three Time Estimates.
- Difference between CPM and PERT.
- Construction of PERT Network using 'te 'values of all Activities.
- Mean (Expected) Project Completion Time.
- Standard Deviation and Variance of Activities.
- Project Variance and Project Standard Deviation.
- 'Prob. Z' Formula.
- Standard Normal Probability Table. Calculation of Probability from the Probability Table using 'Z' Value and Simple Questions related to PERT Technique.
- Meaning, Objectives, Importance, Scope, RORO/LASH

Unit IV Decision Theory

- Decision Environments Risk & Uncertainty. Payoff Table, Regret Table
- Decision Making under Uncertainty
 - Maximin & Maximax Criteria
 Minimax Regret Criterion
 - □ Laplace Criterion
 - ☐ Hurwicz Criterion
 - Expected Monetary Value Criterion.
 - Expected Value of Perfect Information (E.V.P.I)
 - Expected Opportunity Loss (E.O.L)

Job Sequencing Problem

- Processing Maximum 9 Jobs through Two Machines only.
- Processing Maximum 6 Jobs through Three Machines only.
- Calculations of Idle Time, Elapsed Time etc.

Theory of Games

- Introduction
- Terminology of Game Theory: Players, Strategies, Play, Payoff, Payoff matrix, Maximin, Maximax, Saddle Point.
- Types of Games.
- Numericals based on:
 - Two Person Zero Sum Games
 - Pure Strategy Games (Saddle Point available)

References:

- 1. Kapoor V.K., Operations Research Techniques for Management, 7th Edition, Sultan Chand & Sons
- 2. Bronson R, Operations Research, 2nd Edition, Shaum's Outline Series
- 3. Vora N.D, Quantitative Techniques in Management, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill co.
- 4. L.C. Jhamb, Quantitative Techniques (For Managerial Decisions VOL I), Everest Publishing House, Pune.



Course:	1. Indirect Taxes (Credits :3 Lectures/week: 4L)	
CBMS603		
	Objectives	
	To understand the basics of GST	
	 To understand the basics of GST To study the registration and computation of GST 	
	 To study the registration and computation of GST To acquaint the students with filing of returns in GST 	
Unit I	Introduction to Indirect Taxation and GST	
Omt 1	Basics for Taxation - Direct Taxes and Indirect Taxes – Difference,	
	Advantages and Disadvantages, Sources and Authority of Taxes in India	15 L
	(Art 246 of the Indian Constitution)	
	Introduction to GST – Genesis of GST in India, Power to tax GST	
	(Constitutional Provisions), Extent and Commencement, Meaning and	
	Definition of GST, Benefits of GST, Conceptual Framework – CGST,	
	IGST,SGST,UTGST, Imports of goods or services or both,Export of	
	goods or services or both, Taxes subsumed and not subsumed under GST.	
	Definitions – Goods (2(52) of CGST Act), Services (2(102) of CGST Act), Money (2(75) of	
	CGST Act), Securities (2(101) of SCRA Act, 1956), India(2(56) of	
	CGST Act), Persons (2(84)	
١ ١	of CGST Act), Taxable Person (2(107) of CGST Act), Business (2(17)	
1	of CGST Act), Consideration (2(31) of CGST Act), E-Commerce	
	Operator (2(45) of CGST Act), Supplier (2(105) of CGST Act, Recipient	
	(93) of CGST Act)	
	Levy and Collection of GST – Levy and Collection of CGST, IGST,	
	SGST,UTGST (Sec 9 of CGST Act), Composition Scheme under GST	
	(Sec 10 of CGST Act), Power to GrantExemption (Sec 11 of CGST	
T TT	Act)GST Rate Schedule for Goods and Services.	
Unit II	Concept of Supply	
	Taxable Event Supply—Meaning and Scope of Supply (Section 7	15 L
	Subsection 1, 2 and 3 of Act) Schedule I, Schedule II, Schedule III,	
	Composite and Mixed Supplies (Sec 8 of CGSTAct) Place of Supply – Location of Supplier of Goods and Services, Place of	
	Supply of Goods(Sec 10, 11,12 and 13 of IGST Act), Special Provision	
	for Payment of Tax by a Supplier of Online Information Database Access	
	Retrieval.	
	Time of Supply- Time of Supply (Sec 31 of CGST Act), Issue of Invoice	
	by the Supplier (Sec31 (1) and Sec 31(2)of CGST Act), Continuous	
	Supply of Goods and Services, Goods Sent on Approval (Sec 31(7) of	
	CGST Act)	
	Value of Supply – Determination of Value of Supply (Sec 15 of CGST	
	Act and CGST Rules2017), Input Tax Credit (Sec 2(62) of CGST Act)	
	Capital Goods (Sec 2(19) of CGST Act), InputSec 2(59) of CGST Act),	
	Input Service (Sec 2(60) of CGST Act). Eligibility and Conditions	
#T . *4 FFF	fortaking Input Tax Credit (Sec 16 of CGST Act)	
Unit III	Registration and Computation of GST	
	A. Registration – Persons liable for Registration (Sec 22 of the Act),	

	Persons not liable for Registration, Procedure for Registration (Sec 25 of	15 L
	the Act), Deemed Registration(Sec 26 of the Act), Special Provisions	
	(Sec 27 of the Act), Amendment, Cancellation and Revocation of	
	Registration(Sec 28,Sec29and Sec 31 of the Act)Computation of GST –	
	Computation of GST under Inter State and Intra State Supplies.	
	Payment of Tax- Payment of Tax, Interest and other Amounts(Sec 49 of	
	the Act), Interest on delayed Payment (Sec 50 of the Act), TDS (Sec 51 of	
	the Act), TCS (Sec 52 of the Act)	
Unit IV	Filing of Returns	
	Documentation- Tax Invoices (Sec 31 and 32 of the Act), Credit and	
	Debit notes(Sec 34 of the Act), Electronic Way Bill B. Returns – Types of	
	Returns and Provisions relating to filing of Returns (Sec 37 to Sec 48	
	ofthe Act)	



Course:	2. International Finance (Credits :3 Lectures/week: 4L)	
CBMS604	3.	
	Objectives:	
	The objective of this course is to familiarize the student with the	
	fundamental aspects of various issues associated with International	
	Finance	
	• The course aims to give a comprehensive overview of International	
	Finance as a separate area in International Business	
	• To introduce the basic concepts, functions, process, techniques and	create
	an awareness of the role, functions and functioning of International	
	Finance in this Globalised Market.	
Unit I	Fundamentals of International Finance	
	(a). Introduction to International Finance: Meaning/ Importance of	15 L
250	International Finance, Scope of International Finance, Globalization of	13 L
	the World Economy, Goals of International Finance, The Emerging	
	Challenges in International Finance	
	(b). Balance of Payment: Introduction to Balance of Payment, Accounting	
	Principles in Balance of Payment, Components of Balance of Payments,	
	Methods to solve BOP disequilibrium.	
- 1	(c) International Monetary Systems: Evolution of International Monetary	
1	System, Gold Standard System, Bretton Woods System (Smithsonian	
1	Agreement), Flexible Exchange Rate Regimes – 1973 to Present, Current	
	Exchange Rate Arrangements, Fixed & Flexible Exchange Rate System	
	(d) An introduction to Exchange Rates:	
	Spot Foreign Exchange Market	
	Exchange Rate Quotations	
	Direct & Indirect Rates	
	Cross Currency Rates	
	Spread & Spread %	
	Factors Affecting Exchange Rates	
Unit II	Foreign Exchange Markets, Exchange Rate Determination &	
	Currency Derivatives	15 L
	Foreign Exchange Markets:	
	Introduction to Foreign Exchange Markets, Structure of Foreign	
	Exchange Markets, Types of Transactions & Settlement Date, Exchange	
	Rate Quotations & Arbitrage, Forward Quotations (Annualized Forward	
	Margin)	
	International Parity Relationships & Foreign Exchange Rate:	
	Interest Rate Parity, Purchasing Power Parity & Fishers Parity,	
	Forecasting Exchange Rates (Efficient Market Approach, Performance of	
	the Forecasters), Global Financial Markets & Interest Rates (Domestic &	
	Offshore Markets, Money Market Instruments)	
	Currency & Interest Rate Futures:	
	Introduction to Currency Options (Option on Spot, Futures & Futures	
	Style Options), Futures Contracts, Markets & the Trading Process,	
	Hedging & Speculation with Interest Rate Futures, Currency Options in	
	India	
		l

(a). Euro Currency Bond Markets: Introduction to Euro Currency Market, Evolution & Growth of Euro Currency Market, Origin of Euro Currency Market, Euro Bond Market	5 L
Currency Market, Origin of Euro Currency Market, Euro Bond Market	
(Deposit, Loan, Notes Market), Types of Euro Bonds, Innovation in the	
Euro Bond Markets, Competitive Advantages of Euro Banks, Control &	
Regulation of Euro Bond Market. Types (Euro Bonds, Euro Notes & Euro	
Equity).	
Discussion on US Financial Crisis 2008).	
(b). International Equity Markets & Investments:	
Introduction to International Equity Market, International Equity Market	
Benchmarks, Risk & Return from Foreign Equity Investments, Equity	
Financing in the International Markets, Depository Receipts –	
ADR,GDR,IDR	
(c). International Foreign Exchange Markets:	
Meaning of International Foreign Exchange Market, FERA v/s FEMA,	
Scope & Significance of Foreign Exchange Markets, Role of Forex	
Manager, FDI v/s FPI, Role of FEDAI in Foreign Exchange Market	
Unit IV Foreign Exchange Risk, Appraisal & Tax Management	
(a). Foreign Exchange Risk Management:	
Introduction to Foreign Exchange Risk Management, Types of Risk,	
Trade & Exchange Risk, Arbitrage & Speculation, Exposure + Types	
LAA	
(b). Fundamental instruments of Risk Management:	
Currency & Interest Rate Futures: Introduction to Currency Options	
(Option on Spot, Futures & Futures Style Options), Futures Contracts,	
Markets & the Trading Process, Hedging & Speculation with Interest	
Rate Futures, Currency Options in India	
(c). International Tax Environment:	
Meaning of International Tax Environment, Objectives of Taxation,	
Types of Taxation, Benefits towards Parties doing Business	
Internationally, Tax Havens, Tax Liabilities	

References:

- 1. Books on International Finance, by ICFAI (Workbook)
- 2. P G Apte, International Financial Management, 5th Edition, The McGraw Hill
- 3. Cheol . S. Eun & Bruce G. Resnick, International Finance Management
- 4. Maurice D. Levi, International Finance Special Indian Edition
- 5. Prakash G. Apte, International Finance A Business Perspective
- 6. V A. Aadhani, International Finance

Course: CBMS605	4. Innovative Financial Services (Credits :3 Lectures/week: 4L)	
	Objectives	
	 To familiarize the learners with the fundamental aspects of variou issues associated with various Financial Services 	S
	 To give a comprehensive overview of emerging financial services light of globalization. 	in the
	 To introduce the basic concepts, functions, process, techniques an create an awareness of the role, functions and functioning of finan services. 	
Unit I	Introduction to Traditional Financial Services	
_	Financial Services: Concept, Objectives/Functions, Characteristics, Financial Service Market, Financial Service Market Constituents, Growth of Financial Services in India, Problems in Financial Services Sector, Banking and	15 L
	Non-Banking Companies, Regulatory Framework Factoring and Forfaiting: Introduction, Types of Factoring, Theoretical Framework, Factoring	
	Cost, Advantages and Disadvantages of Factoring, Factoring in India, Factoring v/sForfaiting, Working of Forfaiting, Benefits and Drawbacks of Forfaiting, Practical Problems. Bill Discounting:	
\	Introduction, Framework, Bill Market Schemes, Factoring V/s Bill Discounting inReceivable Management.	
Unit II	Issue Management and Securitization Issue Management and Intermediaries: Introduction, Merchant Bankers/ Lead Managers, Underwriters, Bankers to an Issue, Brokers to an Issue	15 L
	Stock Broking: Introduction, Stock Brokers, SubBrokers, Foreign Brokers, Trading and Clearing/Self Clearing Members, Stock Trading (Cash and Normal) DerivativeTrading	
	Securitization: Definition, Securitization v/s Factoring, Features of Securitization, Pass	
	ThroughCertificates, Securitization Mechanism, Special Purpose Vehicle, Securitise Assets, Benefits of Securitization, New Guidelines on Securitization	
Unit III	Financial Services and its Mechanism Lease and Hire-Purchase: Meaning, Types of Lease - Finance Lease, Operating Lease,	15 L
	Advantages and Disadvantages of Leasing, Leasing in India, Legal Aspects of Leasing.	
	Definition of Hire Purchase, Hire Purchase and Instalment Sale Characteristics, Hire Purchase and Leasing, Advantages of Hire Purchase, Problems of HirePurchase.	
	Housing Finance: Introduction, Housing Finance Industry, Housing Finance Policy	

	Aspect, Sourcesof Funds, Market of Housing Finance, Housing Finance	
	in India- Major Issues, Housing Finance in India – Growth Factors,	
	Housing Finance Institutions inIndia, National Housing Bank (NHB),	
	Guidelines for Asset Liability ManagementSystem in HFC, Fair Trade	
	Practice Code for HFC's, Housing Finance Agencies	
	Venture Capital: Introduction, Features of Venture Capital, Types of	
	Venture Capital Financing Stages, Disinvestment mechanisms, Venture	
	Capital Investment process, Indian Scenario	
Unit IV	Consumer Finance:	
	Introduction, Sources, Types of Products, Consumer Finance Practice in	
-	India, Mechanics of Consumer Finance, Terms, Pricing, Marketing and	
	Insurance of Consumer Finance, Consumer Credit Scoring, Case for and	
	against ConsumerFinance	
	Plastic Money:	
	Growth of Plastic Money Services in India, Types of Plastic Cards-	
1	Credit cardDebitCard- Smart card- Add-on Cards, Performance of	
	Credit Cards and Debit	
	Cards, Benefits of Credit Cards, Dangers of Debit Cards, Prevention of	
	Fraudsand Misuse, Consumer Protection. Indian Scenario.Smart Cards-	
	Features, Types, Security Features and Financial Applications	
	Credit Rating:	
	Meaning, Origin, Features, Advantages of Rating, Regulatory	
1	Framework, CreditRating Agencies, Credit Rating Process, Credit	
	Rating Symbols. Credit RatingAgencies in India, Limitations of Rating	
References	1. IM Pandey, Financial Management, Vikas Publishing House	
1	Ltd.	
1	2. Khan M.Y., Financial Services, Mc Graw Hill Education.	
	3. Dr.S.Gurusamy, Financial Services, Vijay Nicole Imprints.	
	4. Financial Market and Services, E, Gordon and K. Natrajan,	
	Himalaya Publishing House	
	131 28482 1371	
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Course: CBMS606	5. Strategic Financial Management (Credits :3 Lectures/week: 4L)	
	 Objectives To match the needs of current market scenario and upgrade the learner's skills and knowledge for long term sustainability Changing scenario in Banking Sector and the inclination of learne towards choosing banking as a career option has made study of financial management in banking sector inevitable. To acquaint learners with contemporary issues related to financial Management 	
Unit I	Dividend Decision and XBRL Dividend Decision: Meaning and Forms of Dividend, Dividend-Modigliani and Miller's Approach, Walter Model, Gordon Model, Factors determining Dividend Policy, Types of Dividend Policy XBRL: Introduction, Advantages and Disadvantages, Features and Users	15 L
Unit II	Capital Budgeting and Capital Rationing Capital Budgeting: Risk and Uncertainty in Capital Budgeting, Risk Adjusted Cut off Rate, Certainty Equivalent Method, Sensitivity Technique, Probability Technique, Standard Deviation Method, Co-efficient of Variation Method, Decision Tree Analysis, Construction of Decision Tree. Capital Rationing: Meaning, Advantages, Disadvantages, Practical Problems	15 L
Unit III	Shareholder Value and Corporate Governance/Corporate Restructuring Shareholder Value and Corporate Governance: Financial Goals and Strategy, Shareholder Value Creation: EVAand MVAApproach, Theories of Corporate Governance, Practices of CorporateGovernance in India Corporate Restructuring: Meaning, Types, Limitations of Merger, Amalgamation, Acquisition, Takeover, Determination of Firm's Value, Effect of Merger on EPS and MPS, Pre Mergerand Post Merger Impact.	15 L
Unit IV	Financial Management in Banking Sector and Working Capital Financing Financial Management in Banking Sector: An Introduction, Classification of Investments, NPA & their Provisioning, Classes of Advances, Capital Adequacy Norms, Rebate on Bill Discounting, Treatment of Interest on Advances Working Capital Financing: Maximum Permissible Bank Finance (Tandon Committee), Cost of issuing Commercial Paper and Trade Credit, Matching Approach,	

	Aggressive Approach, Conservative Approach	
References	1. C. Paramasivan & T. Subramanian, Financial Management	
	2. IM Pandey, Financial Management	
	3. Ravi Kishor, Financial Management	
	4. Khan & Jain, Financial Management	
	5. Van Horne & Wachowiz, Fundamentals of Financial	
	Management	
	6. Prasanna Chandra, Strategic Financial Management	
	-	



Course: CBMS607	6. Brand Management (Credits : 3 Lectures/week: 4L)	
	Objectives	
	To understand the meaning and significance of Brand Management	
	To Know how to build, sustain and grow brands	
	To know the various sources of brand equity	
Unit I	Introduction to Brand Management	
	Introduction to Brand Management:	
	Meaning of Brand, Branding, Brand Management, Importance of Branding to Consumers,	15 L
	Firms, Brands v/s Products, Scope of Branding, Branding Challenges and Opportunities,	
	Strategic Brand Management Process, Customer Based Brand Equity model (CBBE),	
	Sources of Brand Equity, Steps of Brand Building including Brand Building Blocks,	
	Brand Positioning: Meaning, Importance, Basis	
Unit II	Planning and Implementing Brand Marketing Programs	
	Planning and Implementing Brand Marketing Programs:	
	Brand Elements: Meaning, Criteria for choosing Brand Elements, Types of Brand	15 L
	Elements	
	Integrating Marketing Programs and Activities	
	Personalising Marketing: Experiential Marketing, One to One Marketing, Permission	
	Marketing	
	Product Strategy: Perceived Quality and Relationship Marketing	
	Pricing Strategy: Setting Prices to Build Brand Equity	
	Channel Strategy: Direct, Indirect Channels	
	Promotion Strategy: Developing Integrated Marketing Communication Programs	
	Leveraging Secondary Brand Associations to Build Brand Equity: Comp anies, Countries,	
	Channel of Distribution, Co-branding, Characters, Events.	
Unit III	Measuring and Interpreting Brand Performance	
	The Brand Value Chain	15 L
	Measuring Sources of Brand Equity:	
	Qualitative Research Techniques: Projective Techniques: Completion, Comparison, Brand	
	Personality and Values: The Big Five, Free Association Quantitative Research Techniques: Brand Awareness: Recognition, Recall, Brand Image,	
	Brand Responses c) Young and Rubicam's Brand Asset Valuator d) Measuring Outcomes	
	of Brand Equity	
	Comparative Methods: Brand based Comparative Approaches, Marketing Based	
	Comparative Approaches, Conjoint Analysis	
	Holistic Methods: Residual Approaches, Valuation Approaches: Historical Perspectives	
	and Interbrand's Brand Valuation Methodology	
Unit IV	Growing and Sustaining Brand Equity	
	Designing & Implementing Branding Strategies:	
	• Brand Architecture: Meaning of Brand Architecture, The Brand-Product Matri, Breadth	
	of a Branding Strategy, Depth of a Branding Strategy	
	• Brand Hierarchy: Meaning of Brand Hierarchy, Building Equity at Different Hierarchy	
	Levels Cause Marketing to Build Brand Equity: Meaning of Cause Marketing,	

	Advantages, Green Marketing	
	Brand Extensions:	
	Meaning, Advantages, Disadvantages, Brand Extension and Brand Equity	
	Managing Brands over Time:	
	Reinforcing Brands, Revatilising Brands d) Building Global Customer Based Brand	
	Equity	
References	Keller Kevin Lane, Strategic Brand Management: Building, Measuring and	
:	Managing Brand Equity	
	2. Keller Kevin Lane, Strategic Brand Management-2008	
	3. Elliot, Richard, Strategic Brand Management-2008	
	4. Kapferer, Jean-Noel, Strategic Brand Management-2000	
	5. Kishen, Ram, Strategic Brand Management- 2013	
	6. Keller Kevin Lane, Strategic Brand Management 4e-2015	



Course: CBMS608	7. Retail Management (Credits :3 Lectures/week: 4L)	
	 Objectives To familiarize the students with retail management concepts and operations T provide understanding of retail management and types of retail To develop an understanding of retail management terminology including merchandize management, store management and retastrategy. To acquaint the students with legal and ethical aspects of retail management To create awareness about emerging trends in retail management 	ail
Unit I	Retail Management- An overview Retail Management: Introduction and Meaning, Significance, Factors Influencing Retail Management, Scope of Retail Management b) Retail Formats: Concept of Organized Retailing: Factors Responsible for the Growth of Organized Retail in India, Multichannel Retailing: Meaning and Types, E-tailing: Meaning, Advantages and Limitations Emerging Trends in Retailing Impact of Globalization on Retailing I.T in Retail: Importance, Advantages and Limitations, Applications of I.T. in Retail: EDI, Bar Coding, RFID Tags, Electronic Surveillance, Electronic Shelf Labels FDI in Retailing: Meaning, Need for FDI in Indian Retail Scenario Franchising: Meaning, Types, Advantages and Limitations, Franchising in India Green Retailing, Airport Retailing	15 L
Unit II	Retail Consumer and Retail Strategy Retail Consumer/Shopper: Meaning of Retail Shopper, Factors Influencing Retail Shoppers, Changing Profile of Retail Shoppers, Market Research as a Tool for Understanding Retail Markets and Shoppers CRM in Retail: Meaning, Objectives, Customer Retention Approaches: Frequent Shopper Programme, Special Customer Services, Personalization, Community Retail Strategy: Meaning, Steps in Developing Retail Strategy, Retail Value Chain Store Location Selection: Meaning, Types of Retail Locations, Factors Influencing Store Location	15 L

	HRM in Retail:	
	Meaning, Significance, Functions, Organization Structure in Retail:	
	Meaning, Factors Influencing Designing Organization Structure,	
	Organization Structure for Small Stores/Single Stores/Independent	
TI:4 TTT	Retailers and Retail Store Chain/Department Store	
Unit III	Merchandise Management and Pricing	
	Merchandise Management	15 L
	Concept, Types of Merchandise, Principles of Merchandising,	
	Merchandise Planning- Meaning and Process, Merchandise Category –	
	Meaning, Importance, Components, Role of Category Captain,	
	Merchandise Procurement/Sourcing Meaning, Process, Sources for	
	Merchandise	
	Buying Function:	
	Meaning, Buying Cycle, Factors Affecting Buying Functions,	
	Functions of Buying for Different Types of Organizations Young and	
	Rubicam's Brand Asset Valuator- Independent Store, Retail Chain,	
	Non-store Retailer	
	Concept of Lifestyle Merchandising	
	Private Label	
	Meaning, Need and Importance, Private Labels in India	
	Retail Pricing	
	Meaning, Considerations in Setting Retail Pricing	
	Pricing Strategies: High/ Low Pricing: Meaning, Benefits, Everyday	
	Low Pricing: Meaning, Benefits, Market Skimming, Market	
١.	Penetration, Leader Pricing, Odd Pricing, Single Pricing, Multiple	
١.	Pricing, Anchor Pricing	
١.	Variable Pricing and Price Discrimination- Meaning Types:	
1	Individualized Variable Pricing/First Degree Price Self-Selected	
	Variable Pricing/ Second Degree Price Discrimination Clearance and	
	Promotional Markdowns, Coupons, Price Bundling, Multiple – Unit	
	Pricing Variable Pricing by Market Segment/ Third Degree Price	
	Discrimination	
Unit IV	Managing and Sustaining Retail	
	Retail Store Operations:	
	Meaning, Responsibilities of Store Manager, The 5 S's of Retail	
	Operations (Systems, Standards, Stock, Space, Staff)	
	Store Design and Layout:	
	Store Design- Meaning, Objectives, Principles, Elements of Exterior	
	and Interior Store Design, Store Atmospherics and Aesthetics	
	Store Layout- Meaning, Types: Grid, Racetrack, Free Form	
	Signage and Graphics: Meaning, Significance, Concept of Digital	
	Signage Feature Areas: Meaning, Types: Windows, Entrances,	
	Freestanding Displays, End Caps, Promotional Aisles, Walls, Dressing	
	Rooms, Cash Wraps	
	Visual Merchandising and Display:	
	Visual Merchandising and Display. Visual Merchandising- Meaning, Significance, Tools Used for Visual	
	Merchandising Merchandising	
	The Concept of Planogram	
	Display- Meaning, Methods of Display, Errors in Creating Display d)	

Mall Management
Meaning and Components: Positioning, Zoning, Promotion and
Marketing, Facility Management, Finance Management e) Legal and
Ethical Aspects of Retailing Licenses/Permissions Required to Start
Retail Store in India, Ethical Issues in Retailing Career Options in
Retailing
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5. K.S. Menon, "Store Management", Macmillan India Ltd.,
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"Retailization -Brand Survival in the Age of Retailer Power",
Kogan Page Ltd.,
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Story"
10. Store Manager, Organiser / Planner- DMS Retail
11. Dr. RamKishen Y. "International Retail Marketing Strategies",
Jaico Publishing House, Mumbai.
12. Why we buy by Paco Underhill
13. Call of the mall by Paco Underhill
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Course:	8. International Marketing (Credits :3 Lectures/week: 4L)	
CBMS609		
	Objectives	
	• To understand International Marketing, its Advantages and Challe	enges.
	To provide an insight on the dynamics of International Marketing	_
	Environment. To understand the relevance of International Market	
	Mix decisions and recent developments in Global Market	, mg
Unit I	Introduction to International Marketing & Trade	
	Introduction of International Marketing:	
	Meaning, Features of International Marketing, Need and Drivers of	15 L
	International Marketing, Process of International Marketing, Phases of	
	International Marketing, Benefits of International Marketing,	
Pro-	Challenges of International Marketing, Difference between Domestic	
	and International Marketing, Different Orientations of International	
	Marketing: EPRG Framework, Entering International Markets	
	:Exporting, Licensing, Franchising, Mergers and Acquisition, Joint	
	Ventures, Strategic Alliance, Wholly Owned Subsidiaries, Contract	
	Manufacturing and Turnkey Projects, Concept of Globalization	
1	Introduction to International Trade:	
1	Concept of International Trade, Barriers to Trade: Tariff and Non-	
	Tariff, Trading Blocs: SAARC, ASEAN, NAFTA, EU, OPEC	
Unit II	International Marketing Environment and Marketing Research	
١.	International Marketing Environment:	1
1	Economic Environment : International Economic Institution (World	15 L
	Bank, IMF, IFC) ,International Economic Integration (Free Trade	
	Agreement, Customs Union, Common Market, Economic Union)	
	Political and Legal Environment: Political System (Democracy,	
	Authoritarianism, Communism), Political Risk, Political Instability,	
	Political Intervention. Legal Systems (Common Law, Civil Law,	
	Theocratic Law), Legal Differences, Anti-Dumping Law and Import	
	License.	
	Cultural Environment:	
	Concept, Elements of Culture (Language, Religion, Values and	
	Attitude, Manners and Customs, Aesthetics and Education),	
	HOFSTEDE's Six Dimension of Culture, Cultural Values (Individualism v/s Collectivism)	
	Marketing Research:	
	Introduction, Need for Conducting International Marketing Research,	
	International Marketing Research Process, Scope of International	
	Marketing Research, IT in Marketing Research	
Unit III	International Marketing Mix	
	International Product Decision:	
	International Product Line Decisions, Product Standardization v/s	15 L
	Adaptation Argument, International Product Life Cycle, Role of	
	Packaging and Labelling in International Markets, Branding Decisions	
	in International Markets, International Market Segmentation and	
	in mornational transco, international transct positionation and	

Targeting, International Product Positioning International Pricing Decision:

Concept of International Pricing, Objectives of International Pricing, Factors Affecting International Pricing International Pricing Methods: Cost Based, Demand Based, Competition Based, Value Pricing, Target Return Pricing and Going Rate Pricing International Pricing Strategies: Skimming Pricing, Penetration Pricing, Predatory Pricing, International Pricing Issues: Gray Market, Counter Trade, Dumping, Transfer Pricing

International Distribution Decisions

Concept of International Distribution Channels, Types of International Distribution Channels, Factors Influencing Selection of International Distribution Channel d) International Promotion Decisions Concept of International Promotion Decision, Planning International Promotional Campaigns: Steps - Determine the Target Audience, Determine Specific Campaigns, Determine Budget, Determine Message, Determine Campaign Approach and Determine Campaign Effectiveness Standardization V/S Adaptation of International Promotional Strategies, International Promotional Tools/Elements

Unit IV Developments in International Marketing

Introduction -Developing International Marketing Plan:
Preparing International Marketing Plan, Examining International
Organisational Design, Controlling International Marketing Operations,
Devising International Marketing Plan
International strategies:

Need for International Strategies, Types of International Strategies International Marketing of Services

Concept of International Service Marketing, Features of International Service Marketing, Need of International Service Marketing, Drivers of Global Service Marketing, Advantages and Disadvantages of Global Service Marketing, Service Culture

References

- 1. Dr. Shakeel Ahmad Siddiqui, International Marketing, Dreamtech press, Edition 2011
- 2. Philip R.Cateora, John L. Graham, Prashanth Salwan, International Marketing, Tata Mcgraw hill Education Private limited, New Delhi, Thirteenth Edition.
- 3. RajGopal, International Marketing, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., Edition 2007.
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- 10. Michael R. Czinkota, Iikka A Ronkainen, International Marketing, Cengage Learning Edition 2007
- 11. Gerald Albaum, Edwin Duerr, Jesper Strandskov, International Marketing and Export Management, Pearson Publication, Fifth Edition.



Course: CBMS610	9. Media Planning and Management (Credits :3 Lectures/week: 4	L)
	 Objectives To understand Media Planning, Strategy and Management with reference to current business scenario. To know the basic characteristics of all media to ensure most effective of advertising budget. To provide an insight on Media Planning, Budgeting, Scheduling 	
	Evaluating the Different Media Buys.	
Unit I	Overview of Media and Media Planning Overview of Media and Media Planning: • Meaning of Media & Features of Media, Meaning of Media Planning, Scope of Media planning, Media Planning Elements, Role of Media in Business, Media	15 L
	Planning Process, Impact of Marketing Objectives on Media Planning, Factors Influencing Media Planning Decisions, Role and Importance of Media in Consumer Buying Decision, Role of Media Planner, Challenges of Media Planning, Organization Structure of Media Company, Regulatory Framework and Legal Aspects in Media Planning	
\	Media Research: •Meaning, Role and Importance • Sources of Media Research: Audit Bureau of Circulation, Press Audits, National Readership Survey/IRS, Businessmen's Readership Survey, TRP, National Television Study, ADMAR Satellite Cable Network Study, Reach and Coverage Study, ClB Listenership Survey	
Unit II	Media Mix and Media Strategy Media Mix: • Meaning, Need for Media Mix, Identifying Audience for Mass Media, Factors Affecting Media Mix Decision, Types of Media Mix Decisions: Broad Media Classes, Media Vehicles, Media Units,	15 L
	Deciding Ideal Media Mix Media Choices: • Print Meaning- Factors Affecting Selection of Print Media Decisions, Types of Print Media, Advantages and Limitations •	
	Television- Meaning, Factors Affecting Selection of Television Media Decisions, Advantages and Limitations • Radio- Meaning, Factors Affecting Selection of Radio Media Decision, Advantages and Limitations • Out of Home (OOH)- Meaning, Types of OOH, Factors Affecting OOH Planning Decision, Advantages and Limitations	
	Emerging Media: • Online, Mobile, Gaming, In flight, In Store, Interactive Media d) Media Strategy: • Meaning, Need for Media Strategy, Situation Analysis for Media Strategy and its Components • Steps in Formulating Media Strategies: Defining the Target Group, Market Prioritization, Media Weights, Media Mix, Media Scheduling.	

	Media Budgeting, Buying & Scheduling	
	Media Budget • Meaning • Factors to be considered while Framing a	15 L
	Budget: Advertising Task, Competitive Framework, Market	13 L
	Dominance, Market Coverage, Media Cost, Market Task, Pricing	
	,Frequency of Purchase • Importance of Media Budget. • Methods of	
Unit III	Setting Media Budget - Status Quo, Inflation Adjusted, Advertising	
	Sales, Case Rate & Advertising Margin Method, Share of Market,	
	Yardstick Method, Effective Frequency & Reach Method & Margin	
	Analysis ROI Based Approach, Experimental Approach, Break Even	
	Planning.	
	Media Buying: • Meaning, Role of Media Buyer, Objectives of Media	
	Buying, • Buying Process: Buying Brief, Environmental Analysis,	
	Science and Art of Buying, Benchmarking Buying Plan Presentation	
	Deal Management and Post Buy • Buying brief: Concept & Elements of	
	Buying Brief, Art of Media Buying – Negotiation in Media Buying,	
-	Plan Presentation and Client Feedback • Criteria in Media Buying	
	c) Media Scheduling • Meaning, Importance • Factors Affecting	
	Scheduling: Sales Pattern, Purchase Cycle, Product Availability,	
	Competitive Activity, Marketing Task, Budget Constraints, Target	
	Group. • Scheduling Patterns – Continuity, Flighting, Pulsing •	
1	Scheduling Strategies for Creating Impact: Road Block, Day or Day	
TI .*4 TX7	part • Emphasis, Multiple Spotting, Teasers	
Unit IV	Developments in International Marketing	
	Programmatic buying & planning	
١.	Media Measurement: • Basic Metrics: Reach, Cumulative/Frequency	
1	Reach, Discrete & Cumulative distribution, Average Opportunity to See	
	(AOTS), Effective frequency/Reach • Television Metrics: Dairy v/s	
	Peoplemeter, TRP, /TVR, Program Reach & Time Spent, Stickiness	
	Index, Ad Viewership • Radio Metrics: Arbitron Radio Rating • Print	
	Metrics: Circulation, Average Issue Readership (AIR), Total or	
	Claimed Reader, Sole or Solus reader. • OOH Metrics: Traffic Audit	
	Bureau (TAB)	
	Benchmarking Metrics: • Share, Profile, and Selectivity Index	
	Plan Metrics: • Gross Rating Points (GRP), Gross Impressions (GI),	
	Share of Voice (SOV). d) Evaluating Media Buys • Evaluating	
	Television Media Buying: Dysfunctional Card Rate, Secondary and	
	Effective Rate, Deal Composition, Cost Per Rating Point(CPRP), Reach	
	Delivered by the Buy, Visibility Spots, Bonus Percentage, Upgrades	
	and Spot Fixing, Sponsorships • Evaluating Print Media Buying:	
	Discount on Rate Card, Negotiated Rate, Cost Per Thousand (CPT),	
	Market Share Incentives, Readership v/s Circulation Track, Growth	
	Incentives, Combination Rate Incentives, Full Page Discounts and Size	
	Upgrades, Discount for Colour Ads, Date Flexibility Incentives,	
	Positioning, Innovations. • Evaluating Other Media Buys: Radio Buys,	
	Outdoor Buys, Cinema Buys, Internet buys and mobile buys.	
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	2. Jack Z Sissors and Roger B. Baron, Advertising Media	
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- 4. Larry d. Kelly and Donald W.Jugeneimer, Advertising Media Planning, PHI learning Private Limited,
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